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SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS Chapter - 1

CLASS 9th

TOPIC: NUMBER SYSTEM

Work sheet - 1

- Q 1. Locate $\sqrt{2}$ on the number line.
- Q.'2 Express 0.3333...... in $\frac{p}{q}$ form s where p and q are integer and q $\neq 0$

Q. 3 Simplify each of the following by rationalising the denominator.

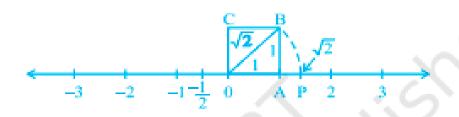
(a)
$$\frac{6-4\sqrt{2}}{6+4\sqrt{2}}$$

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 (b) $\frac{\sqrt{5}-2}{\sqrt{5}+2} - \frac{\sqrt{5}+2}{\sqrt{5}-2}$

Q.4 If a = 2 + $\sqrt{3}$, find the value of

$$a - \frac{1}{a}$$

Answer 1



Answer 2

Since we do not know what 0.3 is , let us call it 'x' and so x = 0.3333...

Now here is where the trick comes in. Look at

 $10 x = 10 \times (0.333...) = 3.333...$

Now.

3.3333... = 3 + x, since x = 0.3333...

Therefore,

Solving for x, we get

$$9x = 3$$
, i.e., $x = \frac{1}{3}$

(a)

$$\frac{(6-452)(6-452)}{(6+452)(6-452)}$$

$$= \frac{(6-452)^{2}}{6^{2}-(452)^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{6^{2}+(452)^{2}-2(6)(452)}{36-32}$$

$$= \frac{36+32-4852}{4}$$

$$= \frac{68-4852}{4}$$

$$= \frac{17-1252}{6}$$

(b)

$$\frac{\sqrt{5}-2}{\sqrt{5}+2} - \frac{(5+2)}{\sqrt{5}-2}$$

$$= \frac{(\sqrt{5}-2)^2 - (\sqrt{5}+2)^2}{(\sqrt{5})^2 - 2^2}$$

$$= \frac{(5+4)^2 - (5+4)^2 + (\sqrt{5})^2}{(5+4)^2 + (\sqrt{5})^2}$$

$$= \frac{-8\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-8\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$a - \frac{1}{a}$$

$$= (2 + \sqrt{3}) - (2 - \sqrt{3})$$

$$= 2 + \sqrt{3} - 2 + \sqrt{3}$$

$$= 2 \sqrt{3}$$

$$= 2 \sqrt{3}$$

$$= 2 \sqrt{3}$$

Answer 4